

## Chapter 2 The Land We Call Alabama

### Multiple Choice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Which is the large body of water south of Alabama?
- Atlantic Ocean
  - Gulf of Mexico
  - Pacific Ocean
  - Indian Sea
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. The land regions of Alabama are
- the clay ridge, the sand pits, the tar hills, the swamps and the tree ridge.
  - the Ridge and Valley, the lowlands, the middle lands, the high lands and the wetlands.
  - the Coastal Plain, the Piedmont, the Ridge and Valley, the Appalachians and the Interior Plateau.
  - the Piedmont, the grasslands, the sandstone, the high trees, and the shrubs.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. The coastal plain makes up half of the land regions area in Alabama. It is located in the
- north.
  - west.
  - south.
  - east.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Alabama has many natural resources. Some of them are
- red clay, arrowheads, sky scrapers, and farms.
  - sand, clay, coal, and limestone.
  - water, boats, snails and oysters.
  - pig iron, goats, sheep and cows.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Three of Alabama's rivers form borders with other states. These three rivers are the
- Tennessee River, Chattahoochee River and Perdido River.
  - Cahaba, Alabama, and Pea Rivers.
  - Mobile, Coosa, and Chattahoochee Rivers.
  - Long River, Snake River and Tallapoosa River.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. A map of the United States shows which states border or touch Alabama?
- Indiana, Tennessee, South Carolina and Mississippi
  - Georgia, Florida, Texas and Mississippi
  - Florida, Mississippi, Georgia and Tennessee
  - Kentucky, Florida, Tennessee and Mississippi
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. An estuary is a place where
- hunters and fishermen gather.
  - two big rivers collide.
  - oil and coal are found.
  - freshwater mixes with saltwater.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

ID: B

- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Alabama is most likely to get
- a. tornadoes, thunderstorms and hurricanes.
  - b. rain, sleet and snow.
  - c. ice, cool and hot streaks.
  - d. sandstorms, hail and sunshine.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. Culture is
- a. what we eat, what we wear, and how we behave.
  - b. something we wear when company comes.
  - c. the skins that Native Americans wore for clothing.
  - d. a way of life that rich people sometimes enjoy.

**Completion**

*Complete each statement.*

10. Alabama has four distinct \_\_\_\_\_.
11. \_\_\_\_\_ is the average weather over a long time.
12. The \_\_\_\_\_ shows which way is north, south, east or west.
13. More than half of Alabama's land lies in the \_\_\_\_\_ region.
14. The imaginary line that separates the Coastal Plain region from other regions is called the \_\_\_\_\_.
15. The highest point in Alabama is \_\_\_\_\_.
16. Name two of the natural resources that attracted people to live in Alabama. \_\_\_\_\_
17. Places that are wet all or part of the year are called \_\_\_\_\_.
18. When people and supplies are transported by rivers, the rivers are called \_\_\_\_\_.
19. Spaces in layers of rocks and gravel that soak up groundwater are called \_\_\_\_\_.
20. A \_\_\_\_\_ is the most common type of wetland.
21. An area where a large river divides before flowing into a larger body of water is called a \_\_\_\_\_.
22. The climate of Alabama is temperate or \_\_\_\_\_.
23. Ice storms, heavy snows, droughts, flash floods, thunderstorms, tornadoes and hurricanes are called \_\_\_\_\_.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

ID: B

24. \_\_\_\_\_ is electricity moving from cloud to cloud or from cloud to earth.
25. Powerful storms that form over warm seas and can have wind speeds over 200 miles per hour are called \_\_\_\_\_.
26. Trees that lose their leaves each winter are called \_\_\_\_\_.
27. The beliefs and customs of a group of people are called \_\_\_\_\_.

**Chapter 2 The Land We Call Alabama**  
**Answer Section**

**MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1. ANS: B
2. ANS: C
3. ANS: C
4. ANS: B
5. ANS: A
6. ANS: C
7. ANS: A
8. ANS: A
9. ANS: A

**COMPLETION**

10. ANS: seasons
11. ANS: weather
12. ANS: compass rose
13. ANS: coastal plain
14. ANS: Fall Line
15. ANS: Mount Cheaha
16. ANS: weather, rich soil, climate, long growing season, good water supply, minerals
17. ANS: wet lands
18. ANS: waterways
19. ANS: aquifers
20. ANS: swamp
21. ANS: delta
22. ANS: Subtropical
23. ANS: natural hazards
24. ANS: lightning
25. ANS: hurricanes
26. ANS: deciduous trees
27. ANS: culture